## **Overview - Electromagnetic Waves**

- 1. What are electromagnetic waves
- 2. What is Del operator
- 3. What is field
- 4. Define gradient of a scalar field and its significance
- 5. Define divergence of a vector field n its significance
- 6. Define curl of a vector field n its significance
- 7. Relationship of electric field and electric potential (  $\vec{E}$  =  $\vec{\nabla}$  V , ie gradient of scalar potential)
- 8. Gauss Divergence theorem and Stoke's Theorem (proof not required)
- 9. Equation of continuity (proof not required)
- 10. Maxwell Equations in integral form
- 11. Differential form of (i) Gauss law of electrostatics (ii) Gauss Law of magnetostatics (iii) Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction (iv) Ampere Circuital law (steady currents and time varying currents) (v) Gauss law of dielectrics (vi) Ampere circuital law in presence of magnetic medium
- 12. Write Maxwell equations in differential form and give their significance
- 13. What is  $\vec{D}$ , its significance
- 14. What is displacement current density and cause of its origin
- 15. Maxwell's electromagnetic wave equation conducting medium, non conducting medium and for vacuum
- 16. Energy stored in capacitor, energy stored in inductor, energy density, intensity of em waves
- 17. Poynting vector definition, units, significance, mathematical expression